

# InGaAs Avalanche Photodiode Preamplifier Module with Thermoelectric Cooler

CMC Electronics' 264-339814 series use an InGaAs APD with a low k-factor of 0.2, with a built-in preamplifier and a thermoelectric cooler (TEC), enabling optimum signal-to-noise performance.

The APD is coupled to a GaAs FET input transimpedance amplifier (TIA) in a 12-lead TO-8 package with an integrated thermoelectric cooler (TEC) allowing temperature control of the APD and easing stabilization of gain and optimized sensitivity.

The internal temperature can be monitored via an embedded thermal sensor close to the APD. The module is designed with a 10  $\Omega$  output impedance which can be AC- or DC-coupled.

The amplifier has an overload input protection circuit that sustains high optical power exposure with a very fast recovery time.

Customizations such as bandwidth tuning, NEP screening, responsivity optimization and different temperature sensors are available upon request.



#### **Features**

- 80 200 μm InGaAs APD
- 80 100 MHz Preamplifier Module
- Spectral Response: 1050 1600 nm
- Low k-factor InGaAs APD
- Low Noise Equivalent Power (NEP)
- High Efficiency TEC
- Hermetically Sealed TO-8 Package
- ITAR-Free
- ROHS compliant
- Optional: Fiber Receptacle



# **Applications**

- Range Finding
- LiDAR
- Instrumentation
- Free-Space Communications
- Industrial
- Photometry

### Table 1. Electro-Optical Characteristics for 200 µm Active Area (-001)

Unless otherwise specified:  $T_A$  = 25 °C, V\_POS = 5.0 V, V\_NEG = -5.0 V,  $R_L$  = 100  $\Omega$ ,  $\lambda$  = 1570 nm ± 10 nm, Cooler OFF (Externally AC coupled through 4.7  $\mu$ F)

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Operating Voltage, V <sub>OP</sub> (Note 1)	40	54	85	V
Temperature coefficient of V <sub>OP</sub>		0.07		V/°C
Responsivity		1.4		MV/W
Noise equivalent power (Note 2) 1570 nm [ T <sub>case</sub> =25 °C ] 1570 nm [ T <sub>case</sub> =85 °C ]		70 250		fW/VHz fW/VHz
Output impedance, R <sub>out</sub>		10		Ω
Bandwidth	80	100		MHz
Rise time (10-90 %)		3.5		ns
Fall time (90-10 %)		3.5		ns
Linear output voltage swing (Pulse)	1.5	2.5	4.0	V
Output offset voltage	-0.75	-0.45	0	V
Thermal sensor (Note 3)  Voltage output  Accuracy (at +30 °C)	±1.5	1.5740	±4	V °C
Accuracy (-55 °C to +130 °C)	±2.5		±5	°C
Non-linearity		±0.4		%
Overload recovery for optical power input signal of 1 mW, 20 ns pulse width: $V_{out} \rightarrow 200$ ns after pulse start				
			250	mV
$V_{out} \rightarrow 1 \mu s$ after pulse start			40	mV
Hybrid Supply current V_POS (pin 10)	25		40	mA
V_NEG (pin 11)	-20		-10	mA

Notes: 1. Each APD receiver will have its individual VOP (provided on its production tests report).

<sup>2.</sup> NEP values for +85°C are by design and are for reference only. No test values are provided on individual test reports. Integration of the noise calculation is based on minimum bandwidth.

<sup>3.</sup> Alternate thermal sensors (thermistance or diode) are available upon request.

## Table 2. Electro-Optical Characteristics for 80 μm Active Area (-VAR)

Unless otherwise specified:  $T_A$  = 25 °C, V\_POS = 5.0 V, V\_NEG = -5.0 V,  $R_L$  = 100  $\Omega$ ,  $\lambda$  = 1570 nm ± 10 nm, Cooler OFF (Externally AC coupled through 4.7  $\mu$ F)

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Operating Voltage, V <sub>OP</sub> (Note 1)	40	54	85	V
Temperature coefficient of V <sub>OP</sub>		0.07		V/°C
Responsivity		2.0		MV/W
Noise equivalent power (Note 2) 1570 nm [ $T_{case}$ =25 °C ] 1570 nm [ $T_{case}$ =85 °C ]		50 80		fW/VHz fW/VHz
Output impedance, R <sub>out</sub>		10		Ω
Bandwidth	80	100		MHz
Rise time (10-90 %)		3.5		ns
Fall time (90-10 %)		3.5		ns
Linear output voltage swing (Pulse)	1.5	2.5	4.0	V
Output offset voltage	-0.75	-0.45	0	V
Thermal sensor (Note 3) Voltage output		1.5740		V
Accuracy (at +30 °C)	±1.5		±4	°C
Accuracy (-55 °C to +130 °C)	±2.5		±5	°C
Non-linearity		±0.4		%
Overload recovery for optical power input signal of 1 mW, 20 ns pulse width:				
V <sub>out</sub> → 200 ns after pulse start			250	mV
$V_{\text{out}}  ightarrow 1~\mu \text{s}$ after pulse start			40	mV
Hybrid Supply current V_POS (pin 10)	25		40	mA
V_NEG (pin 11)	-20		-10	mA

Notes: 1. Each APD receiver will have its individual VOP (provided on its production tests report).

<sup>2.</sup> NEP values for +85°C are by design and are for reference only. No test values are provided on individual test reports. Integration of the noise calculation is based on minimum bandwidth.

<sup>3.</sup> Alternate thermal sensors (thermistance or diode) are available upon request.

**Table 3. Absolute-Maximum Ratings, Limiting Values** 

Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
APD breakdown, Maximum voltage [ HV_POSITIVE (pin7) ] (Note 1)		90	V
Recommended overcurrent limit		100	μΑ
Input Voltage Positive Supply [ V_POS (+5V) (pin10) ]	+4.8	+6.0	V
Input Voltage Negative Supply [ V_NEG (-5V) (pin11) ]	-4.8	-6.0	V
Maximum Optical Power, CW		10	μW
Peak value, 20ns pulses <100Hz		100	kW/cm <sup>2</sup>
TEC Current	-0.9	0.9	А
Temperature sensor (LM20)			
Sensor V <sub>in</sub> (pin 4)	2.5	5.0	V
	1	10	mA
Sensor output (pin 5)	0.2	2.5	V
Operating Temperature	-40	85	°C
Storage Temperature	-55	125	°C
Soldering Temperature (5 s, leads only)		250	°C

**Note:** 1. Absolute maximum over the product Temperature Operating Range (-40°C to +85°C).

To obtain the expected voltage from a specific temperature:

$$V_0 = (-3.88x10^{-6}xT^2) + (-1.15x10^{-2}xT) + 1.8639$$

And to convert in Celsius the voltage measured at the sensor output:

$$T = -1481.96 + \sqrt{2.1962 \times 10^6 + \frac{1.8639 - V_0}{3.88 \times 10^{-6}}}$$

In the above formulas:

Vo is the voltage level of the temperature sensor (receiver PIN 5 - Tsensor Vout)

T is the temperature expressed in Celsius.

Figure 1. Typical Normalized Responsivity at 25°C

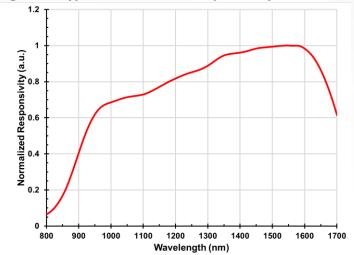


Figure 2. Typical Normalized Frequency Response

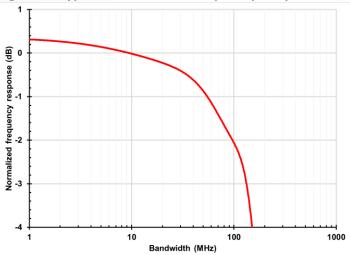


Figure 3. Typical Responsivity and NEP

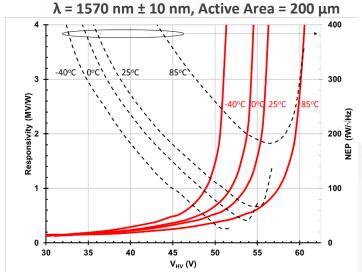


Figure 4. Typical Responsivity and NEP

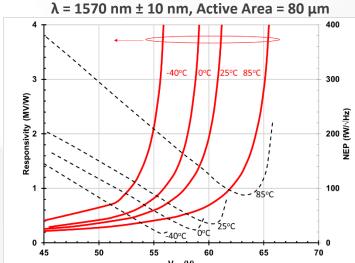


Figure 5. CMC 264-339814 Series block diagram

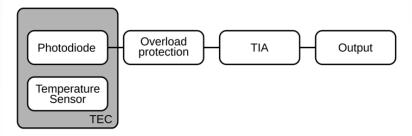
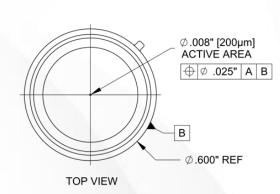
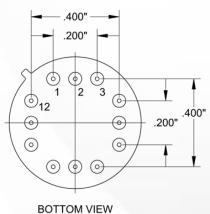
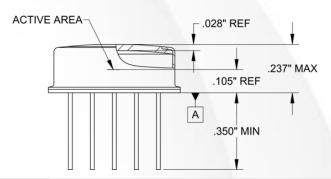


Figure 6. Package Dimension and Pinout

Unless otherwise specified, dimensions are in inches (mm) and are for reference only.







1	NC	7	HV_POSITIVE
2	TEC -	8	GND
3	TEC+	9	OUTPUT
4	T sensor VS+	10	V_POS (+5V)
5	T sensor Vout	11	V_NEG (-5V)
6	GND	12	GND

<b>VAR Options</b>	Description
-001	InGaAs APD 200 μm, 60-100 MHz TIA, TEC
-VAR	InGaAs APD 80 μm, 60-100 MHz TIA, TEC

For more information, visit <a href="www.cmcelectronics.ca/optoelectronics">www.cmcelectronics.ca/optoelectronics</a>
Or email us at <a href="mailto:opto@cmcelectronics.ca">opto@cmcelectronics.ca</a>

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